

Fall In Love With Dairy Again

Do you love the taste of dairy foods, but sometimes feel gassy or bloated after having milk, cheese or yogurt? If so, there are a variety of tips that may help you to enjoy the recommended¹ 3 servings of low-fat or fat-free dairy foods every day – without experiencing pain or embarrassment.

Enjoy Dairy Again with These Tips:

Sip it.

Start with a small amount of milk daily and increase slowly over several days or weeks to build your tolerance.



Try it.

Opt for lactose-free milk and milk products. They are real milk products, just without the lactose, providing the same nutrients as regular dairy foods, and they taste great.



Stir it.

Mix milk with other foods, such as soups and cereal; blend with fruit or drink milk with meals. Solid foods help slow digestion and allow the body more time to digest lactose.



Slice it.

Top sandwiches or crackers with natural cheeses such as Cheddar, Colby, Monterey Jack, mozzarella and Swiss. These cheeses are low in lactose.



Spoon it.

Enjoy easy-to-digest yogurt. The live and active cultures in yogurt help to digest lactose.



Common Questions About Lactose Intolerance



What is lactose intolerance?

People who are lactose intolerant have a hard time digesting the sugar (called lactose) that is naturally found in milk and may experience discomfort after consuming dairy foods.

How do I know if I'm lactose intolerant?

Stomachaches, bloating or gassiness can have many different causes. Your doctor can help you find out if you are lactose intolerant or if your digestive discomfort is caused by something else.

I used to drink milk all the time when I was a child.

Why am I more sensitive to dairy now?

Your body makes an enzyme called lactase to help digest the lactose in milk. As an adult, your body may be making less of this enzyme than it did as a child. This may be making it more difficult to tolerate dairy.

If I am lactose intolerant, do I have to avoid all dairy foods?

Lactose intolerance is a very individual condition. Most people can continue to eat dairy foods by following steps, such as drinking lactose-free milk, enjoying small amounts of milk with meals or trying dairy foods lower in lactose, like natural cheeses. Lactose intolerance is a very individual condition. Most people can continue to eat dairy foods by following steps, such as drinking lactose-free milk, enjoying small amounts of milk with meals or trying dairy foods lower in lactose, like natural cheeses.

Is lactose intolerance the same thing as a milk allergy?

No, being lactose intolerant is not the same as having a milk allergy. A milk allergy is caused by a reaction to the protein in milk. This is different from lactose intolerance, which occurs when your body has a hard time digesting the natural sugar (or carbohydrate) in milk. While people with milk allergies must avoid dairy, avoidance is not necessary for those who are lactose intolerant.

Can't I get all the nutrients I need without dairy foods in my diet?

Nutrition experts advise that you still try to eat dairy foods to best meet your nutrient recommendations. The dairy food group (milk, cheese and yogurt) provides key nutrients such as calcium, potassium and vitamin D. It's difficult to get enough of these nutrients without dairy foods in your diet.

Can children have lactose intolerance?

Lactose intolerance is less common in young children. If you think your child has lactose intolerance, talk to your family doctor, child's pediatrician or a dietitian.

FAST FACTS ABOUT LACTOSE-FREE MILK AND MILK PRODUCTS

Lactose-free milk is real milk, just without the lactose, and is a solution to help you get all the great nutrients found in regular milk.

- **HOW THEY'RE MADE:** Lactose-free dairy products are the same as regular dairy products except the lactose (milk sugar) is already broken down or removed for you.
- **GREAT TASTING:** People like the taste of lactose-free milk more than some of the available non-dairy alternatives.²
- **AVAILABLE OPTIONS:** A wide variety of lactose-free dairy products – including reduced-fat, low-fat, fat-free and chocolate milk, ice cream and cottage cheese – are available.



These health and nutrition organizations support 3-Every-Day™ of Dairy, a science-based education program encouraging Americans to consume the recommended three daily servings of nutrient-rich low-fat or fat-free milk and milk products, to help improve overall health.



American Academy of Pediatrics
DEDICATED TO THE HEALTH OF ALL CHILDREN™



eat right. American Dietetic Association



¹ U.S. Department of Health and Human Services and U.S. Department of Agriculture. Dietary Guidelines for Americans, 2005. 6th Edition, Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, January 2005.

Note: The 2005 Dietary Guidelines for Americans recommends 3 servings of low-fat or fat-free milk or milk products per day for individuals 9 years and older and 2 servings per day for children 2-8 years old.

² Moskowitz HR, et al. J Sensory Studies 2009;24:731-748